

Final Exam Subject: Computer Programming– CPE 101 Date: Friday 28/12/2018 Duration: 2 hours № of Questions: 5 in 2 page(s) Total Mark: 40

# **Question 1:**

#### (12 Marks)

A. (8 Marks) Determine the output for each of the following code snippets (assuming successful compilation):

a) (2 Mark)	b) (2 Mark)
cout<< "Welcome \t to \n";	int x=2, L;
cout<< "Programming \n !! ";	// declaration
	L = x%5 * 2;
	cout<< "Z="< <l;< td=""></l;<>
Answer:	Answer:
Welcome to	Z= 4
Programming	
!!	
c) (2 Mark)	d) (2 Mark)
int z =3, x=2;	for (int i =2; i < = 14; i+= 6)
switch (z){	cout << i << endl;
case 2:	
cout<<"Shoubra"; break;	
case 3:	
cout<<"Benha"; break;	
default:	
cout<<"University";	
}	
Answer:	Answer:
Benha	2
	8
	14

#### B. (4 Marks) Write *for loops* that will print each of the following outputs:

a) (2 Mark)	b) (2 Mark)
9 7 5 3	Welcome Welcome Welcome
Answer:	Answer:
for (int i=9; i>=3; i-=2)	for (int i=1; i<=3; i++)
cout<< i;	for (int i=1; i<=3; i++) cout<< "Welcome \t";



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<b>Question 2:</b> 1. The purpose of using a loop is t a. make decision	c. repeat operation(s) many times	
b. declare variables	d. declare constants	
2. Which of the following is not a comparison operator in C++ language?		
a.<	<u><b>c.=</b></u> d.= =	
b.<=	a.==	
3. Which of the following is not a standard data type?		
a. int	<u>c. date</u>	
b. bool	d. char	
4. Below is	an example of a logical operator.	
a.	c. + +	
b. !	<u>d. a and b</u>	
5. Which from following operators have a higher precedence?		
a. + c	· *	
<u>b.()</u>	l. All of them are equal	
6. Which of the following is a correct declaration to a constant:		
a. constant float $Y = 3.14$ ;	c. None of them	
b .# define float $X = 3.14$ ;	d. float X 3.14;	
7. The if else statement can be replaced by which operator?		
a. Bitwise operator	c. Conditional operator	
b. Multiplicative operator	d. None of the mentioned	
<b>A A</b>		



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### Question 3: Book Club Points

A Bookseller has a book club that awards points to its customers based on the number of books purchased each month. The points are awarded as follows:

- If a customer purchases 0 books, he earns 0 points.
- If a customer purchases 1 book, he earns 5 points.
- If a customer purchases 2 books, he earns 15 points.
- If a customer purchases 3 or more books, he earns 30 points.

Write a complete C++ program that asks the user to enter the number of books that he or she has purchased this month and displays the number of points awarded.

### Answer:

#include <iostream>
int main() {
 int book, points;
 cout<<"Please enter the number of books";
 cin>>book;
 if (book==0)
 points = 0;
 else if (book == 1)
 points = 5;
 else if (book == 2)
 points = 15;
 else if (book >= 3)
 points = 30;
 cout << "The number of point awarded:" << points;
 return 0;
 }
</pre>

(7 Marks)



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# **Question 4:**

#### (7 Marks)

Write a complete C++ program that repeats printing a specific character according to a specific number. The program should ask the user to enter a character and a number. The program should then display the character many times as the number.

[For example, if the user enters "\$" and "4", the program should display "\$\$\$\$"].

### Answer:



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# **Question 5:**

(7 Marks)

Write a complete C++ program that accepts a character grade (A, B, C or F) from the user and prints its equivalent integer GPA (4, 3, 2 and 0 respectively) using *switch case*.

### Answer:

#include <iostream> int main( ) { cout << "Please enter your grade:" << endl ; cin >> Grade; switch (Grade){ case 'A': cout << "your GPA is 4"; break; case 'B': cout << "your GPA is 3"; break; case 'C': cout << "your GPA is 2"; break: case 'F': cout << "your GPA is 0"; break: default: cout << "Wrong grade, you must enter a grade in the range from 0 to 100"; } return 0;

> Good Luck Dr. Shady Yehia Elmashad