

Final Exam Subject: Computer Programming – CPE 101 Date: Thursday 19/05/2016 Duration: 3 hours № of Questions: 5 in 3 page(s) Total Mark: 40

## **Question 1:**

#### (12 Marks)

A. Determine the output for each of the following code snippets (assuming successful compilation): (8 Marks)

a) (2 Mark)	b) (2 Mark)
<pre># include <iostream></iostream></pre>	<pre># include <iostream></iostream></pre>
void draw_line ( void );	int number $= 100$ ;
void main () {	void display (void);
draw_line();	void main () {
draw_line ( );	int number = 200;
cout << "Welcome "<< endl;	cout << " The value of the number is " <<
draw_line();	number << endl ;
cout << "First Year ";	display ();
draw_line();	}
draw_line();	void display ( void ) {
}	cout << " The value of the number now is "
void draw_line (void) {	<< number ;
for (int $i = 0$ ; $i < 3$ ; $i + +$ ) {	}
cout << " * " ; }	
cout << endl ; }	
c) (2 Mark)	d) (2 Mark)
<pre>#include <iostream></iostream></pre>	<pre>#include <iostream></iostream></pre>
int boxVolume ( int length $= 1$ , int width $= 1$ ,	int main () {
int height $= 2$ );	
	int $f1 = 1$ ;
int main() {	int $f^2 = 1$ ;
cout << "The default box volume is: " <<	for (int i = 1; i <= 5; i += 1) {
boxVolume(10);	cout << f1 << endl;
return 0;	f2 = f1 + f2;
}	f1 = f2 - f1;
int boxVolume ( int length, int width, int	}
height )	}
{	
return length * width * height;	
}	

#### B. Write for loops that will print the following patterns: (4 Marks)

a) (2 Mark)	b) (2 Mark)
*****	1
****	12
****	123
****	1 2 3 4



Final Exam Subject: Computer Programming – CPE 101 Date: Thursday 19/05/2016 Duration: 3 hours № of Questions: 5 in 3 page(s) Total Mark: 40

### Answer:

Α.

b) (2 Mark)
The value of the number is 200
The value of the number now is 100
d) (2 Mark)
1
1
2
3
5

В.

D	
a) (2 Mark)	b) (2 Mark)
<pre>#include <iostream> int main() { for (int i = 1; i&lt;=4; i++) {     for(int j=1; j&lt;=6; j++) { }}</iostream></pre>	<pre>#include <iostream> int main() { for (int i = 1; i&lt;=4; i++) {     for(int j=1; j&lt;=i; j++) { }} </iostream></pre>
cout<<"*"; } cout< <endl; } return 0; }</endl; 	cout< <j; } cout&lt;<endl; return 0; }</endl; </j; 

### **Question 2:**

(7 Marks)

- 1. The purpose of using a loop is to.....
- a. make decision
- b. declare variables

c. repeat operation(s) many times

d. declare constants

2. Which of the following is not a comparison operator in C++ language?

a. >	<u>c. =</u>
b. <=	d.==



Final Exam Subject: Computer Programming – CPE 101 Date: Thursday 19/05/2016 Duration: 3 hours № of Questions: 5 in 3 page(s) Total Mark: 40

3. Which of the following is not a standard data type?

a. int

b. float

<u>c. date</u> d. char

4. The force of gravitational attraction (F) of two bodies is given by a formula in which a constant (G) is multiplied by the product of the two masses (m1 and m2). This is then divided by the square of the distance (d) between the two bodies. Assuming these variables are declared, and have proper initial values where necessary, which of the following C++ statements correctly expresses this formula?

<u>a. F = G\*m1\*m2/(d\*d);</u> b. G\*m1\*m2/d\*d c.  $F = = G*m1*m2/d^2$ ; d. a or c is correct

5. char a='b'; char b='c'; char c=a;	cout<<"a"< <b<<"c"; <<a<<"b"<<c;<="" th=""></b<<"c";>	
The output of this program segment is:		
a. accbbb	c. abcabc	
b. accabb	d. None of the above	

6. Which of the following is a correct declaration to a constant:

<u>a. const float <math>X = 3.14</math>;</u>	c. None of them
b. # define float $X = 3.14$ ;	d. float X 3.14;

7. Which of the following is a correct comment:

a. None of them	c. /// This is a comment //
b. /* This is a comment /*	d. /*/ This is a comment



Final Exam Subject: Computer Programming – CPE 101 Date: Thursday 19/05/2016 Duration: 3 hours № of Questions: 5 in 3 page(s) Total Mark: 40

## **Question 3:**

#### (7 Marks)

Write a program that determines a student's grade. The program will read three types of scores (quiz, mid-term, and final scores) and determine the grade based on the following rules:

-if the average score $\geq=90\%$ and $\leq=100\%$	=>grade=A
-if the average score $\geq 70\%$ and $\leq 90\%$	=> grade=B
-if the average score>=50% and <70%	=>grade=C
-if the average score<50%	=>grade=F

### Answer:

#include <iostream> int main() { int Quiz, MidTerm, Final; float Average; cin>>Quiz; cin>>MidTerm; cin>>Final; Average = (Quiz + MidTerm + Final) / 3;if (Average>=0 && Average < 100) if (Average  $\geq 90$ ) cout << "Your grade is A"; else if (Average  $\geq 70$ ) cout << "Your grade is B"; else if (Average  $\geq 50$ ) cout << "Your grade is C"; else cout<<"Your grade is F"; else cout<<"Wrong degree"; return 0;



Final Exam Subject: Computer Programming – CPE 101 Date: Thursday 19/05/2016 Duration: 3 hours № of Questions: 5 in 3 page(s) Total Mark: 40

## **Question 4:**

(7 Marks)

The factorial of a nonnegative integer is written as n! (pronounced "n factorial") and is defined as follows:

$$n! = \begin{cases} n (n-1)(n-2) \dots \dots 1 \\ 1 \\ n = 0 \end{cases}, n \ge 1$$

For example: 5! = 5 \* 4 \* 3 \* 2 \* 1, which is 120.

Write a complete C++ program that accepts a nonnegative number and prints its factorial.

### Answer:

```
#include <iostream>
int main() {
    int n, fact = 1 ;
    cout << "Please enter a number" << endl ;
    cin >> n ;
        while (n > 0) {
        fact = fact * n ;
        n -- ;
        }
    cout << "The factorial of your number is"<<" "<< fact ;
        return 0;
    }
}</pre>
```

# **Question 5:**

(7 Marks)

A. Write a full program including two functions. The program should ask the user to enter a number, and decides if it is positive or negative and if it is odd or even. Use a function called OddEven to decide if the number is odd or even, and use another function called PositiveNegative to decide if it positive or negative. (5 Marks)



Final Exam Subject: Computer Programming – CPE 101 Date: Thursday 19/05/2016 Duration: 3 hours № of Questions: 5 in 3 page(s) Total Mark: 40

### Answer:

void OddEven ( int number ) { // Function definition
if ( number % 2 = = 0 )
cout << " your number is even ";
else
cout << " your number is odd ";
}</pre>

void PositiveNegative ( int number ) { // Function definition
if ( number > 0 )
cout << " your number is positive ";
else
cout << " your number is negative";
}</pre>

B. Complete the following sentences: (2 Marks)

1. Any C++ program has at least <u>one</u> function(s).

2. If X=5, the value of the following expression: sqrt (X + 31) is **6**.

3. The value of the following expression: power (3, 2) is **9**.

4. The basic mathematical functions can be used in any C++ program by including a library called <u>cmath</u>.

Good Luck Dr. Shady Yehia Elmashad